PETITIONS FOR SPECIAL HEARING * BEFORE THE AND SPECIAL EXCEPTION - E/S

Loch Raven Boulevard, 700' SE * DEPUTY ZONING COMMISSIONER

(6819 Loch Raven Boulevard) 9th Election District 6th Councilmanic District

* Case No. 90-93-SPHX

* OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

Crown Stations, Inc. Petitioners

of Taylor Avenue

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Petitioners herein request a special hearing to approve an amendment to the previously approved site plan in Case No. 70-229-RX, and a special exception for a food store with less than 5,000 sq.ft. as a use in combination with a gasoline service station, as more particularly described in Petitioner's Exhibit 1.

The Petitioners, by Bernard F. Mannion, Real Estate Division, and Michael P. Malone, Engineering Division, appeared, testified and were represented by Andrew Lapayowker, Esquire. There were no Protestants.

Testimony indicated that the subject property, known as 6819 Loch Raven Boulevard, consists of .57 acres zoned B.L.-C.C.C. and is improved with a gas and go service station. Petitioners propose removing the existing attendant kiosk and replacing same with a new building containing 462 sq.ft. total for an "express mart" convenience food store and an area where customers can pay for gasoline purchases.

Testimony indicated that a Petition for Zoning Redistricting and/or Special Exception regarding the subject property was granted on December 30, 1970 in Case No. 70-229-RX. The property was redistricted from B.L.-C.C.C. to B.L.-C.S.A., which permitted a service station as of right, and granted a special exception for a coin-operated car wash. The coin-operated car wash was never installed, thus, the special exception expired pursuant to Section 502.3 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations (B.C.Z.R.). Thereafter, the property was granted a variance to allow a double-faced sign totalling 181.3 sq.ft. in lieu of the maximum permitted 100 sq.ft. in Case No. 86-65-A.

Subsequent to the hearing held in December, 1970, there was a change in zoning of the property from B.L.-C.S.A. to B.L.-C.C.C. during the 1971 comprehensive zoning maps process. A service station is not permitted as of right or by special exception in the B.L.-C.C.C. zone unless the site was within a shopping center. Petitioners filed the instant Petition when the Office of Zoning raised the issue as to whether or not the site, which is located within the B.L.-C.C.C. zone, is permitted to add a food store with less than 5,000 sq.ft. of retail sales area since the service station is not permitted as of right or by special exception as currently zoned under the B.C.Z.R. Therefore, the service station use is a nonconforming use and as such, is governed by the requirements of Sections 104 and 405.8A of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations (B.C.Z.R.). Petitioner contends that Section 405.8A permits as of right the expansion or construction of a gas station and any ancillary uses as listed in Section 405.4C. Section 405.8A states that:

> Notwithstanding other provisions of these Zoning Regulations to the contrary, any automotive-service station which legally existed on December 31, 1967 and which has not lost its permitted status by reason of the termination of a special exception applying thereto shall be governed by the provisions of the following paragraphs:

A. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph C, below, the main structure of any such automotive-service station may be expanded or reconstructed and any ancillary uses listed in paragraph 405.4.C may be added to any such establishment, provided that such station and all such expansion, reconstruction, or addition of MICROFILMEN uses: is either confined to the limits of the site as it existed on December 31, 1967 or to an expanded site

ent use and/or an ancillary use listed in Section 405.4C." In 1970, Petitioners were granted a special exception for the use of the property as a service station. The zoning regulations are very clear that food stores and service stations are not one and the same use. The effect is clearly different as in all cases the zoning regulations require a special exception hearing in order to add a food store to an existing service station, whether or not the station and/or a food mart standing alone are permitted as of right in a particular zone. Although the physical change to the site may not be a drastic enlargement or extension, the addition of a food mart is the addition of a new use. In my opinion the addition of a sepa-

Section 101 of the B.C.Z.R. defines "accessory use or structure" as follows:

rate use, distinguishable from the nonconforming use as a second use, is

not mere intensification.

... An ancillary use shall be considered as an accessory use; however, a use of such a nature or extent as to be permitted as a "use in combination" (with a service station) shall be considered a principal use. (underlining added)

Clearly, the proposed food store with less than 5,000 sq.ft. is a use in combination under the zoning regulations and said addition would consist of a second use and therefore a different use not permitted under McKemy and/or Section 405.8A. Petitioner's argument that the expansion is permitted under Sections 405.8A and 405.4C is rejected.

The Petitioners' second argument that the relief requested is appropriate based upon other cases in which the Zoning Commissioner and Deputy Zoning Commissioner have granted similar petitions is rejected. review of the decisions rendered in each case indicates that in none of the cases was the issue specifically addressed. The Deputy Zoning Commis-

sioner cannot grant relief which is not permitted under the zoning regulations. To do so would usurp the County Council's legislative powers which clearly is not the function of the Deputy Zoning Commissioner. The role of the Deputy Zoning Commissioner is to interpret and implement the B.C.Z.R. as enacted by the County Council.

"All parts of a statute are to be read together to find the intention as to any one part and that all parts are to be reconciled and harmonized if possible. We have further said that a corolary to that rule is that if there is no clear indication to the contrary and it is reasonably possible, a statute is to be read so that no word, clause, sentence or phrase shall be rendered surplusage, superfluous, meaningless, or nugatory." See, e.g., Thomas v. State, 277 Md. 314, 317, 353 A.2d 256 (1976), and the cases there cited. Supervisor of Assess., Etc. v. Southgate Harbor, 279 Md. 586, 369 A.2d 1053 (1977).

The question here is one of construction of the B.C.Z.R. When interpreting the zoning regulations, the restrictive language contained must be strictly construed so as to allow the landowner the least restrictive use of his property. Mayor of Balto. v. Byrd, 62 A.2d 588 (1948); Lake Adventure, Inc. v. Zoning Hearing Bd. of Dingham Township, 440 A.2d 1284 (Pa.Comwith., 1982). When the language of a zoning regulation is clear and certain, there is nothing left for interpretation and the ordinance must be interpreted literally. Mongony v. Bevilacqua, 432 A.2d 661 (R.I., 1981).

The meaning of the words in a statute may be controlled by the context. A statute should be so construed that all its parts harmonize with each other and render them consistent with its general object and scope. Pittman v. Housing Authority, 25 A.2d 466.

as approved under Paragraph B...

Petitioner noted that while a food mart is not one of the permitted ancillary uses, a portion of Section 405.4C states that:

> ...Only uses listed in this Paragraph C or in Paragraph D (Uses in Combination with Service Stations) shall be permitted in conjunction with any service station regulated under this Subsection 405.4...

A food store with less than 5,000 sq.ft. is a use in combination under Section 405.4. The ancillary uses listed in Section 405.4C are permitted as of right with a service garage use, while uses in combination listed in Section 405.4.D5 are permitted only after a special exception hearing.

Subsequent to the hearing, Petitioner submitted a Memorandum of Law in support of its position that the relief requested is proper. Petitioners' Memorandum rests on two arguments.

First, Petitioners contend "the conversion of the existing island attendant kiosks to a small express mart is at most, an intensification of an existing use and not a new or different use" and would be permitted under Section 104.1 of the B.C.Z.R. and the case law interpretation of nonconforming uses. Section 104.1 of the B.C.Z.R. states:

> A nonconforming use (as defined in Section 101) may continue except as otherwise specifically provided in these Regulations; provided that upon any change from such nonconforming use to any other use whatsoever, or any abandonment or discontinuance of such nonconforming use for a period of one year or more, or in case any nonconforming business or manufacturing structure shall be damaged by fire or other casualty to the extent of seventy-five (75) percent of its replacement cost at the time of such loss, the right to continue or resume such nonconforming use shall terminate. No nonconforming building or structure and no nonconforming use of a building, structure, or parcel of land shall hereafter be extended more than 25% of the ground floor area of buildings so used.

As with all non-conforming use cases, the first task is to determine what lawful non-conforming use existed on the subject property. MICEOUTI

The cardinal rule in the construction of statutes is

to effectuate the real and actual intention of the

Legislature. Purifoy v. Merc. Safe Dep. & Trust,

273 Md. 58, 327 A.2d 483 (1974); Scoville Serv., Inc.

v. Comptroller, 269 Md. 390, 306 A.2d 534 (1974); Height v. State, 225 Md. 251,170 A.2d 212 (1961).

Equally well-settled is the principle that statutes are to be construed reasonably with reference to the

purpose to be accomplished, Walker v. Montgomery County, 244 Md. 98, 223 A.2d 181 (1966), and in light of

the evils or mischief sought to be remedied, Mitchell v. State, 115 Md. 360, 80 A.2d 1020 (1911); in other

words, every statutory enactment must be considered in

its entirety, and in the context of the purpose under-

lying (its) enactment, Giant of Md. v. State's Attor-

ney, 267 Md. 501 at 509, 298 A.24 427 at 432 (1973).

Of course, a statute should be construed according to the ordinary and natural import of its language, since

it is the language of the statute which constitutes.

the primary source for determining the legislative

intent. Grosvenor v. Supervisor of Assess., 271 Md. 232, 315 A.2d 758 (1974); Height v. State, supra.

Where there is no ambiguity or obscurity in the lan-

guage of a statute, there is usually no need to look

elsewhere to ascertain the intention of the Legisla-

ture. Purifoy v. Merc.-Safe Deposit & Trust, su-

free from ambiguity and expresses a definite and sensi-

ble meaning, courts are not at liberty to disregard

the natural import of words with a view towards making

the statute express an intention which is different from its plain meaning. Gatewood v. State, 244 Md.

609, 224 A.2d 677 (1966). On the other hand, as stated in Maguire v. State, 192 Md. 615, 623, 65 A.2d

words in a statute may be controlled by the context...

sense should be avoided whenever possible consistent

with the statutory language, with the real legislative

intention prevailing over the intention indicated by

the literal meaning. B. F. Saul Co. v. West End

Park, 250 Md. 707, 246 A.2d 591 (1963); Sanza v. Md. Board of Censors, 245 Md. 319, 226 A.2d 317 (1967);

Thus, where statutory language is plain and

A.2d 275 (1975), cert. denied, 425 U.S. 942 (1976):

Petitioners have established that the property enjoys a nonconforming use as a service station. The coin-operated car wash was abandoned.

The second principle to be applied, as specified in Section 104.1, is whether or not there has been a change or a change is proposed in the use of the subject property. A determination must be made as to whether or not the addition of the food mart is a different use, and therefore, not permitted as part of the service station non-conforming use. If the food mart use is found to be different than the original use, the proposed use of the property shall not be considered non-conforming. See McKemy v. Baltimore County, Md., 39 Md. App.257, 385 A2d. 96 (1978).

Whether or not the food mart use represents a permissible intensification of the nonconforming use or an actual change from the prior legal use must be examined. In order to decide whether or not the proposed food mart activity is within the scope of the non-conforming use, the following factors must be considered:

> "(a) To what extent does the current use of these lots reflect the nature and purpose of the original non-conforming use:

(b) Is the current use merely a different manner of utilizing the original non-conforming use or does it constitute a use different in character, nature, and kind;

(c) Does the current use have a substantially different effect upon the neighborhood;

(d) Is the current use a "drastic enlargement or extension" of the original non-conforming use."

McKemy v. Baltimore County, Md., Supra.

The facts of the case do not support Petitioners' argument that the addition of the food mart to the service station is permitted as "it is at most an intensification of an existing use and not a new or differ-

The basic principles of statutory construction were comprehensively set out by the Court of Appeals in State v. Fabritz, 276 Md. 416, 348

defining accessory use or structure, and Sections 405.4C and 405.8A, the conclusion is inescapable that under the plain wording of said Sections, the proposed food mart is a "use in combination" and principal use and therefore, not a permitted ancillary use.

In applying these principles to the B.C.Z.R., particularly Sections 101

In the past when the Office has concluded it has erroneously interpreted and implemented a particular section of the B.C.Z.R., it has corrected its action and enforced the regulations as enacted. This would not be the first and/or probably the last time the Zoning Commissioner and/or Deputy Zoning Commissioner will correct past misinterpretations of the regulations. See In Re, C-F Properties Partnership, Case No. 85-113-SPHA. In that case, the then Zoning Commissioner, Arnold Jablon, reversed a long-standing policy of the Zoning Office which permitted both sides of a multi-faced business sign to be computed as one for the purpose of determining the size permitted. The language of Section 413.2 was found to clearly not support such an interpretation. In this instance, the proposed express mart as a use in combination with a service station is a principal use and not an ancillary use and/or accessory use. While an ancillary use and/or accessory use may be similar, Section 101 of the B.C.Z.R. clearly sets forth the distinction between a "use in combination" and ancillary use and/or accessory use. As indicated, the zoning regulations distinguish between ancillary uses and uses in combination with service stations. See Sections 101 and 405.4C and D of the B.C.Z.R. The fact that a food mart is permitted as of right in the B.L. zone, as noted by Petitioner, does not change the outcome. The County Council has distina guished between a food mart use standing alone and a use in combination,

Height v. State, supra.

299, 302 (1949), '{a}dherence to the meaning of words does not require or permit isolation of words from their context *** {since} the meaning of the plainest In construing statutes, therefore, results that are unreasonable, illogical or inconsistent with common

NACCOUNT FACE

which is not permitted as of right but only when and where the service

station is permitted, and then only after a special exception hearing. In this instance the service station use is not permitted. Therefore, the special exception criteria set forth in Section 502.1 of the B.C.Z.R. need not be addressed.

After reviewing all of the testimony and evidence presented, it appears that the relief requested in the Petitions for Special Hearing and Special Exception should be denied.

It is clear that the B.C.Z.R. currently does not permit the use proposed in a B.L.-C.C.C. zone as of right or by special exception. The proposed addition of a food store with less than 5,000 sq.ft. of floor space would be the addition of a second principal use and as such, is not permitted under the B.C.Z.R.

Pursuant to the advertisement, posting of the property, and public hearing on this Petition held, and for the reasons given above, the relief requested should be denied.

THEREFORE, IT IS CRDERED by the Deputy Zoning Commissioner for Special Hearing to approve an amendment to the previously approved site plan in Case No. 70-229-RX, and the Petition for Special Exception for a food store with less than 5,000 sq.ft. as a use in combination with a gaoline service station, in accordance with Petitioner's Exhibit 1, be and are hereby DENIED.

> ANN M. NASTAROWICZ Deputy Zoning Commissioner for Baltimore County

calculations IN REI PETITIONS FOR SPECIAL HEARING BEFORE THE AND VARIANCES ZONING COMMISSIONER 09 SW/S of Reisterstown Road, 300 5

1,040' SE of the centerline OF BALTIMORE COUNTY of Greenspring Valley Road - 4 3rd Election District Case No. 85-113-SPHA

C-F Properties Partnership, Petitioner

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Petitioner herein seeks an interpretation from the Zoning Commissioner to permit the sale of used cars as an accessory use, permission to have an accessory structure for that purpose, and an amendment to the site plan approved in Case No. 84-50-X to reflect a change in the parking configuration and, additionally, variances to permit two signs, one to be 896 square feet instead of 442 square feet and one to be 196 square feet instead of 100 square feet, as more particularly described on Petitioner's Exhibit 1.

The Petitioner, by Jerome Fader, a partner, appeared and was represented by Counsel. There were no Protestants.

Testimony indicated that the subject property, primarily zoned B.L. with some B.M., contains approximately seven acres and is located on Reisterstown Road. The Petitioner was previously granted a special exception for a service garage in Case No. 84-50-X to allow the leasing of automobiles. However, a used wotor vehicle outdoor sales area separated from a sales agency building is not permitted in a S.L. Zone, although it is allowed by special exception in a B.R. Zone

The Petitioner had previously been located about one mile north on Reisterstown Road from the present location on property zoned B.R. and had operated an automobile leasing operation and a used car sales area for automobiles

PETITION FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION

TO THE ZONING COMMISSIONER OF BALTIMORE COUNTY: A-DA SPECIAL HEARING

The undersigned, legal owner(s) of the property situate in Baltimore County and which is described in the description and plat attached hereto and made a part hereof, hereby petition for a Special Exception under the Zoning Law and Zoning Regulations of Baltimore County, to use the herein described property for _a food store with less than 5.000 square feet as a ____

use in combination with a gasoline service station and an amendment to the site plan in Case #70-229-RX to allow said use.

Property is to be posted and advertised as prescribed by Zoning Regulations.

I, or we, agree to pay expend s of above Special Exception advertising, posting, etc., upon filing of this petition, and further agree to and are to be bound by the coning regulations and restrictions of Baltimore County adopted pursuant to the Zoning Law for Baltimore County.

1/We do solemnly declare and affirm, under the penalties of perjury, that I/we are the legal owner(s) of the property which is the subject of this Petition.

Legal Owner(s): Crown Stations, Inc. Contract Purchaser: William R. Snyder, Vice President/Administratio (Type or Print Name) (Type or Print Name)

(Type or Print Name)

Attorney for Petitioner One North Charles (301)-539-7400 <u> Andrew Lapayowker</u> Baltimore, MD 21201 City and State Name, address and phone number of legal owner, con-One N. Charles Street tract purchaser or representative to be contacted

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND OFFICE OF FINANCE - REVENUE DIVISIO MISCELLANEOUS CASH RECEIPT Baltimore County, this 5-30-89 subject matter of this petition be advertised, as

in two newspapers of general circulation throughd that the public hearing be had before the Zoning County Office Building in Towson, Baltimore

B C40 *** 20600 La VALIBATION OR SIGNATURE DE GAL Zoning Commissioner of Baltimore County,

granted asme upon receipt of this Order; however, Peti-tioner is hereby made asser that proceeding at this ris-it at its can risk until such time as the applicable to appellate process from this Order has empired. If the whatever resson, this Order is reversed, the Petitioner would be required to return, and be responsible for returning, said property to its original condition. A detailed Landscaping plan must be submitted to the ...
Office of Current Planning pursuant to the <u>Reltinory</u> ...
County Landscaping Hanual. A copy of the overall shopping center plan, of which this site is a part, must be submitted to the Office of Carrent Planning.

Commissioner of Baltimore County in Room 106 County Office Building in Towson, Baltimore

I/We do solemnly declare and affirm, under the penalties of perjury, that I/we are the legal owner(s) of the property

Villiam Ray-Snyder : Vice President/Administrati

which is the subject of this Petition.

Legal Owner(s): Crown Stations, Inc.

(Type or Print Name)

Baltimore, MD 21201

1922, that the subject matter of this petition be advertised, as

One North Charles 301-539-7400

tract purchaser or representative to be contacted

ESTIMATEDOLENCEH OF HEARING -1/2HR. MCH./DUES./WED. - NEXT TWO MOUTHS

ORDERED By The Zoning Commissioner of Baltimore County, this _____ day

equired by the Zoning Law of Baltimore County, in two newspapers of general circulation through-

out Baltimore County, that property be posted, and that the public hearing be had before the Zoning

PETITION FOR SPECIAL EXCEPTION

The undersigned, legal owner(s) of the property situate in Baltimore County and which is described in the description and plat attached hereto and made a part hereof, hereby petition for a Special Exception under the Zoning Law and Zoning Regulations of Baltimore County, to use the

herein described property for a food store with less than 5.000 square feet as a

use in combination with a gasoline service station and an amendment to the site

I, or we, agree to pay expenses of above Special Exception advertising, posting, etc., upon filing of this petition, and further agree to and are to be bound by the zoning regulations and restrictions of Baltimore County adopted pursuant to the Zoning Law for Baltimore County.

plan in Case #70-229-RX to allow said use.

Property is to be posted and advertised as prescribed by Zoning Regulations.

Contract Purchaser:

City and State

Attorney for Petitioner:

Andrew Lapayowker

hilsew Lapayorber

One N. Charles Street

Attorney's Telephone No.: ___(301)_539=7400

Baltimore, Maryland 21201

AVAILABLE FOR REARING

(Type or Print Name)

TO THE ZONING COMMISSIONER OF BALTIMORE COUNTY: APP SPECIAL HEARING

MICROFILITO

Crown Central Petroleum Corporation Refiners / marketers of petroleum products & petrochemicals One North Charles Street • P.O. Box 1168 • Baltimore, Maryland 21203 • (301) 539-7400 (301) 659-4834

October 9, 1989

Honorable Ann Nastarowicz Deputy Zoning Commissioner Office of Planning and Zoning Baltimore County 111 W. Chesapeake Avenue Towson, Maryland 21204

> Re: Case Nos. 90-93-5PHX 90-94-5PHXA 90-95-X

Dear Deputy Commissioner Nastarowicz:

This will confirm your discussion with Mr. Commodari regarding our time to provide you with additional research regarding the above three stations. We will provide those materials to you no later than October

Thank you very much for your assistance and cooperation.

Very truly yours. Staff Attorney

cc: Nick Commodari

ZONING OFFICE

Crown Station MD-32 6819 Loch Raven Blvd Hillendale, MD 21204

ZONING DESCRIPTION

Located on the West side of Loch Raven Boulevard approximately 700' southwest of Taylor Avenue and thence running the following courses and distances; 8 36° 25' 00"W 189.94'; thence 8 77° 22' 00"E 174.47', thence N 36° 25' 00"E 119.69'; thence N 53° 35' 00"W, 159.70' to the point of the beginning.

Containing 24,724 square feet or 0.57 acre.

Property also known as 6819 Loch Raven Boulevard.



88-324-A

65-240-RX

Date: 12/11/89

SERVICE STATIONS EXISTING ON DECEMBER 31, 1967 AND NEEDING A RESOLUTION OF WHETHER OR NOT USES IN COMBINATION ARE PERMITTED PER S.405.8 AS IT REFERENCES S.405.4.C

C.R.G. WAIVER/C.R.G. and plan reviews since 8/1/89

ZONING CASES 800 Merritt Boulevard Amoco Oil 89-448-XA Status: SPX hearing for use 5693-RX 6819 Loch Raven Boulevard Status: SPX for use in combination granted; needs resolution to determine since no prior hearing 86-65**-**A and zoned B.L.-C.C.C. 10615 Reisterstown Road 90-94-SPHX Status: SPHX granted; needs resolution to determine if 86-319**-**A permitted 5637-RX 1507 Reisterstown Road 90-95-SPH Status: nonconforming in B.L.-C.T.; needs resolution to no SPX determine if permitted Liberty & Brenbrook Status: needs SPX & resolution to determine if use is Item #14 permitted Middle River Road & Route 40 Status: needs SPX and resolution to determine that use is 3406-S permitted 7553 Belair Road needs SPX and resolution to determine that use is 89-109-A 67-196-X permitted 800 Goucher Boulevard Status: Denied and appealed; needs resolution to 89-471-SPHXA

determine if use is permitted

MICROFILMED

Baltimore County
Zoning Commissioner Office of Planning & Zoning Towson, Maryland 21204 (301) 887-3353

J. Robert Haines Zoning Commissioner

Crown Stations, Inc. One North Charles Street

Baltimore, Maryland 21201

ATTN: WILLIAM R. SNYDER Re: Petitions for Special Excepiton and Speci CASE NUMBER: 90-93-59HX

ES Loch Raven Blvd., 700' SE of Taylor Avenue 6819 Loch Raven Boulevard 9th Election District - 6th Councilmanic Petitioner(s): Crown Stations, Inc. HEARING SCHEDULED: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1989 at 2:00 p.m.

Please be advised that \$128.60 is due for advertising and posting of the above captioned property.

DATE 8/22/89 ...

THIS FEE MUST BE PAID AND THE ZONING SIGN & POST SET(S)

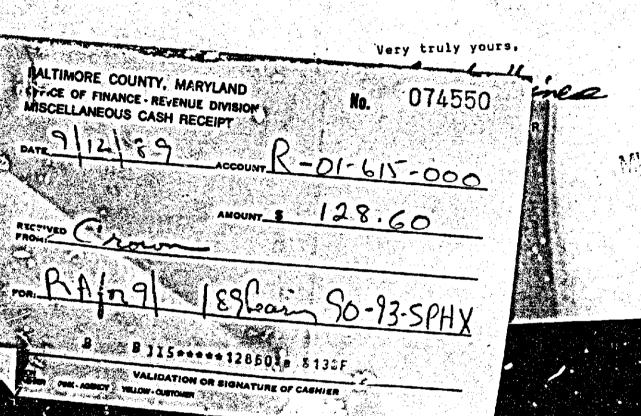
RETURNED ON THE DAY OF THE HEARING OR THE ORDER SHALL NOT ISSUE.

DO NOT REMOVE THE SIGN & POST SET(S) FROM THE PROPERTY

UNTIL THE DAY OF THE HEARING.

Please make your check payable to Baltimore County, Maryland. Bring the check and the sign & post set(s) to the Zoning Office, County Office Building. 111 W. Chesapeake: Avenue, Room 113, Towson, Maryland fifteen (15) minutes before your hearing is scheduled to begin.

Be advised that should you fail to return the sign & post set(s), there will be an additional \$50.00 added to the above amount for each such set not returned.



PETITIONER(S) SIGN-IN SHEET PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

NAME	<u>ADDRESS</u>
HNDREW LAPAYONKER	1 N. CHARLES ST. BANTO. MB
Michael & Ne bre	
BERNARD & MANNION	Land the second of the second
CEVER VICTOR	
	The state of the s
	an The Control of the
Berger (1970) (1984) Charles Server (1987) (1971) (1971) (1971) (1971) (1971) (1971) (1971) (1971) (1971) (1971)	

Crown Central Petroleum Corporation Refiners / marketers of petroleum products & petrochemicals One North Charles Street • P.O. Box 1168 • Baltimore, Maryland 21203 • (301) 539-7400

Honorable Ann Nastarowicz Deputy Zoning Commissioner
Office of Planning & Zoning Baltimore County 111 W. Chesapeake Avenue Towson, Maryland 21204

Re: Case No. 90-93-SPHX Case No. 90-94-SPHXA Case No. 90-95-X

Dear Deputy Commissioner Nastarowicz:

Enclosed please find three copies of Crown Central Petroleum Corporation's Memorandum of Law in the above-captioned cases. We apologize for the delay in getting this Memo to you, but the project proved to be much more extensive than we expected.

Thank you very much for your cooperation throughout this matter.

Very truly yours, the trew tapayouter Andrew Lapayowker Attorney

AL/sab enclosures :

90-93-SP4X

Maryland Department of Transportation State Highway Administration

Richard H. Trainor Secretary -Hal Kassoff

June 21, 1989

Mr. J. Robert Haines Zoning Commissioner County Office Building Towson, Maryland 21204 Att: James Dyer

Re: Baltimore County Crown Stations Inc. Zoning meeting 6/27/89 **E/S** Loch Raven Boulevard MD 542 700' south of Taylor Avenue

Item #525

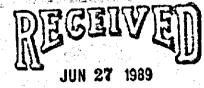
Dear Mr. Haines:

After reviewing the submittal of a Special Exception and Special Hearing, for a food store with less than 5,000 square feet as use in combination with a gasoline service station, we find the plan acceptable.

If you have any questions, contact Larry Brocato (333-1350).

Very truly yours,

Creston J. Mills, Jr. Chief Engineering Access Permits - Division



ZONING OFFICE

MIGRICALINED

FAX # 333-1041 My telephone number is (301) 333-1350

Teletypewriter for Impaired Hearing or Speech 363-7555 Baltimore Metro - 565-0451 D.C. Metro - 1-800-492-5062 Statewide Toil Free 707 North Calvert St., Baltimore, Maryland 21203-0717

The Barby Guesshaland of Bolivore County, by authority of the Zoning Act and Requisitors of Belissore Go any will lead a public hearing in the properly described harden in Rooms 106 of the County Office Belissor, incared at 111 W. Cheespeake Average in Toward, Manyland 21204, as follows:

Published for Special Hosping Case number: 90-83-55-18.

ES Loch Parent Bird. 200 SE of Taylor Average Bulleverd 6th Election District.

Oth Councilmants.

Published Enception, inc.

Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Sept. 12, 1900 at 2:00 p.m.;

Special Enception, inc.

Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Sept. 12, 1900 at 2:00 p.m.;

Special Enception, inc.

Appeals Enception, inc.

Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Sept. 12, 1900 at 2:00 p.m.;

Special Hearing Desir. On Special Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Sept. 12, 1900 at 2:00 p.m.;

Special Hearing Desir. On Special Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Special Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Special Hearing Desir. On Special Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Special Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Special Hearing Desir. Tuesday,

Special Hearing Desir. Desir. Des evence of said permit during this period for good cause showing Such request must be in writing and received in this office by the date of the hearing ast above or presented at the hearing.

Zoning Commissioner of Baltimore County NETAUS/196 Aug. 17.

CERTIFICATE OF PUBLICATION

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that the annexed advertisement was published in the NORTHEAST TIMES BOOSTER and the NORTHEAST TIMES REPORTER, weekly newspapers published in Baltimore County, Md., on August 17 1989

THE JEFFERSONIAN. NORTHEAST TIMES BOOSTER and the NORTHEAST TIMES REPORTER 3

S. Zehe Orlm

PO 15172 reg M34128 CA 90-93-SPHX price \$ 78.60

MICROFILMED

90-93-SPHX CERTIFICATE OF POSTING ZONING DEPARTMENT OF BALTIMORE COUNTY

Posted for: Special Exception + Special Horrisa Petitioner: Les Loch Rever Blud, 700' 5E / Toy for fra

Location of property: Els Loch Rever Blud, 700' 5E / Toy for fra

Location of Signer Locing Lock Rever Blud, 200' 10 Fra

You Lway, on fra fexty of Petitioner

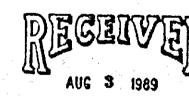
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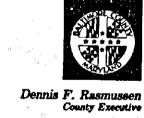
Baltimore County Department of Public Works Bureau of Traffic Engineering Courts Building, Suite 405 Towson, Maryland 21204

(301) 887-3554

July 24, 1989

Mr. J. Robert Haines Zoning Commissioner County Office Building Towson, MD 21204





4 10

ZONING OFFICE

Dear Mr. Haines:

The Bureau of Traffic Engineering has no comments for items number **525**, 526, 527, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 557, 558 and 559.

> Michael S. Flanigan Traffic Engineer Associate II

Baltimore County Zoning Commissioner
Office of Planning & Zoning Towson, Maryland 21204 (301) 887-3353

J. Robert Haines Zoning Commissioner

NOTICE OF HEARING



The Zoning Commissioner of Baltimore County, by authority of the Zoning Act and Regulations of Baltimore County will hold a public hearing on the property identified herein in Room 106 of the County Office Building, located at 111 W. Chesapeake Avenue in Towson, Maryland as

Petitions for Special Excepiton and Special Hearing CASE NUMBER: 90-93-SPHX ES Loch Raven Blvd., 700' SE of Taylor Avenue 6819 Loch Raven Boulevard 9th Election District - 6th Councilmanic Petitioner(s): Crown Stations, Inc. HEARING SCHEDULED: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1989 at 2:00 p.m.

Special Exception: A food store with less than 5,000 square feet as a use in combination Special Hearing: And an amendment to the site plan in Case No. 70-229-RX to allow said

In the event that this Petition is granted, a building permit may be issued within the thirty (30) day appeal period. The Zoning Commissioner will, however, entertain any request for a stay of the issuance of said permit during this period for good cause shown. Such request must be in writing and received in this office by the date of the hearing set above or pre-

ZONING COMMISSIONER

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND

cc: Crown Stations, Inc. Andrew Lapayowker, Esq.

MICHORNATION

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BALTIMORE	COUNTY	DEP	ARIMENT	OF	ENVIRONMENTAL	
ROTE	CTION	AND	RESOURCE	: MA	NACEM	

Zoning Commissioner Office of Planning and Zoning

County Office Building Towson, Maryland 21204

Property Owner: Crown Stations Inc.

Location: 68/9 Loch Raven Blvd.

District District: 9

metro Water Supply: COMMENTS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Prior to approval of a Building Permit for construction, renovation and/or installation of equipment - for any existing or proposed food service facility, complete plans and specifications must be submitted to the Plans Review Section, Bureau of Regional Community Services, for final review and approval.

() Prior to new installation(s) of fuel burning equipment, the owner shall contact the Bureau of Air Quality Management, 887-3775, to obtain requirements for such installation(s) before work begins.

() A permit to construct from the Bureau of Quality Management is required for such items as spray paint processes, underground gasoline storage tank(s) (5,000 gallons or more) and any other equipment or process which exhausts into the atmosphere.

() A permit to construct from the Bureau of Air Quality Management is required for any charbroiler generation which has a total cooking surface area of five (5) square feet or more.

Prior to approval of a Building Permit Application for renovations to existing or construction of new health care facilities, complete plans and specifications of the building, food service area and type

of equipment to be used for the food service operation must be submitted to the Plans Review and Approval Section, Division of Engineering and Maintenance, State Department of Health and Mental Hygiene for () Prior to any new construction or substantial alteration of public swimming pool, wading pool, bathhouse,

saunas, whirlpools, hot tubs, water and sewerage facilities or other appurtenances pertaining to health and safety; two (2) copies of plans and specifications must be submitted to the Baltimore County Department of Environmental Protection and Resource Management for review and approval. For more complete information, contact the Water Quality Monitoring Section, Bureau of Regional Community Services, 687 6500 x 315. Prior to approval for a nursery school, owner or applicant must comply with all Baltimore County regulations

For more complete information, contact the Division of Maternal and Child Health. If lubrication work and oil changes are performed at this location, the method providing for the elimination of waste oil must be in accordance with the State Department of the Environment.

Prior to razing of existing structure(s), petitioner must contact the Division of Waste Management at 887-3745, regarding removal and/or disposal of potentially hazardous materials and solid wastes. Petitioner must contact the Bureau of Air Quality Management regarding removal of asbestoes, 887-3775.

Any abandoned underground storage tanks containing gasoline, waste oil, solvents, etc., must have the contents removed by a licensed hauler and tank removed from the property or properly backfilled. Prior to removal or abandomment, owner must contact the Division of Waste Management at 887-3745.

Soil percolation tests, have been ____, must be ____, conducted.) The results are valid until

() Soil percolation test results have expired. Petitioner should contact the Division of Water and Sewer to determine whether additional tests are required.

). Where water wells are to be used as a source of water supply, a well meeting the minimum Baltimore County Standards must be drilled.

) - In accordance with Section 13-117 of the Baltimore County Code, the water well yield test

() shall be valid until (") is not acceptable and must be retested. This must be accomplished prior to conveyance of property and approval of Building Permit Applications.

Prior to occupancy approval, the potability of the water supply must be verified by collection of bacterio-

logical and chemical water samples. If submission of plans to the County Review Group is required, a Hydrogeological Study and an Environmental Effects Report must be submitted. For more information contact the Division of Environmental Management

In order to subdivide this property, the owner or developer will be required to comply with the subdivision kegulations of the State of Maryland and Baltimore County. If there are any questions regarding the bdivision process, please contact the Land Development Section at 887-2762.

Baltimore County Fire Department 800 York Road Towson, Maryland 21204-2586 (301) 887-4500 Paul H. Reincke JUNE 26, 1989 J. Robert Haines Zoning Commissioner Office of Planning and Zoning Baltimore County Office Building Towson, MD 21204 RE: Property Owner: CROWN STATIONS, INC. #68 J LOCH RAVEN BLVD. Location Zoning Agenda: JUNE 27, 1989 Item No.: 525 Gentlemen: Pursuant to your request, the referenced property has been surveyed by this Bureau and the comments below are applicable and required to be corrected or incorporated into the final plans for the property. 4. The site shall be made to comply with all applicable parts of the Fire Prevention Code prior to occupancy or beginning of operation. ALL SELF-SERVICE STATIONS SHALL HAVE 1 ATTENDENT ON DUTY WHILE THE STATION IS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC. THE ATTENDANT'S PRIMARY FUNCTION SHALL BE TO SUPERVISE, OBSERVE, AND CONTROL THE DISPENSING OF CLASS I LIQUIDS WHILE ACTUALLY BEING DISPENSED. NFPA 30,1987 ED., SEC 7-8.4.3 AND SEC 7-8.4.4. 5. The buildings and structures existing or proposed on the site shall comply with all applicable requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard No. 101 "Life Safety Code", 1988

REVIEWER: Cut Les Killy 6-26-69 Noted and Capt Zum Brady
Planning Group Fire Prevention

edition prior to occupancy.

JK/KEK

Special Inspection Division

70-299-2X 86-65-A SIN. HRN6 # 90-93

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

STATE OF THE PARTY DATE: August 17, 1989 Al Wirth - SWM Bob Bowling - Dev. Eng. (3)

Frank Fisher - Current Planning Rahim Famili - Traffic Engineering Rocky Powell - DEPRM Larry Pilson, DEPRM Dave Flowers - DEPRM Carl Richards - Zoning Capt. Kelly - Fire Department Pat Kincer - Rec. & Parks

Susan Wimbley Bureau of Public Services

W-88-259

Larry Brocato - SHA

Crown - 6819 Loch Raven Blvd. Crown Central 539-7400

Chuck Weiss - Sanitation

The subject property was granted a waiver of CRG meeting by the Office of Planning & Zoning. However, CRG approval signatures must be obtained.

Please review the attached plan for concurrance with current development regulations and give us your approval or comments by September 1, 1989. Nonresponsiveness by the aforementioned late is considered to be concurrance by your office of the plan.

(SEE OTHER SIDE FOR COMMENTS)

Attachment cc: File

In addition to the hearings proposed on the plan, a Special Hearing will be required to determine if the use in combination is permitted under 5.405.8 as it references 5.405.4.c (B.C.Z.R.), otherwise:

Zoning Office records do not indicate that a Special Exception hearing for the service station use has ever been granted. The fact that the site is now within a B.L.-C.C. district establishes that the current use status of the service station is nonconforming and, therefore, the proposed use in combination may not be permitted.

Compliance with all sections of S.405.4 must be shown. Include the A.T.M. 1.000 square feet requirement in the calculations. Dimension tangent distances, A.T.M. setbacks. Show any proposed free-standing signs. Variances which will be required are not necessarily limited to, but include the following:

Internal circulation, any new free-standing signs, A.T.M. front sett ck (35 feet required).

Planning & Zoning Associate III

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

J. Robert Haines

DATE: August 25, 1989 Zoning Commissioner

Pat Keller, Deputy Director Office of Planning and Zoning Crown Stations, Inc., Item 525

SUBJECT: Zoning Petition No. 90-93-XSPH

The petitioner requests a Special Exception for a food store. In reference to this request, staff offers the following:

The site is presently improved with many signs and a Signet Bank automatic teller/money machine. To avoid increased visual clutter, temporary and other additional signage should be restricted. All existing temporary signs, banners and flags should be eliminated entirely upon the food store. The outside display of occupancy of the food store. The outside display of merchandise shall not be permitted.

A general trend of revitalization is evident along the Loch Raven Blvd. corridor. MacDonalds Restaurant, located adjacent to the subject site, has developed a well planned site that is the subject site, has developed a well planned site that is extensively landscaped. The Hillendale Shopping Center and Pleasant Plains Shopping Center have been recently revitalized and plant screening has been provided along Loch Raven Blvd. In a continuing effort to improve the visual character of the corridor, be provided along Loch Raven Blvd (see enclosed overlaw) be provided along Loch Raven Blvd (see enclosed overlay).

If there should be any further questions or if this office can provide additional information, please contact Jeffrey Long in the Office of Planning at 887-3480.

PK/JL/sf

Attachment

